North Ross DMG Group Membership Details

Alladale Wilderness Reserve

Sub Group B

Interests	Hectares	% of group Area
Nature Conservation with habitat and	9245	7%
ecosystem objectives		

The fundamental objectives for the management of Alladale can be considered in greater detail on their website.

https://alladale.com

The reserve has embarked on a long-term habitat restoration and improvement plan to create a habitat and environment which is a mix of native woodland and montane landscape to support all of Scotlands indigenous species.

To achieve their objectives, they require to achieve a deer density that will prevent negative impacts on the propagation and regeneration of a broad mix of flora and fauna along with woodland. They also have native species reintroduction objectives and are currently working on projects involving the Scottish Wildcat and Red Squirrels

The reserve has an educational arm which works both locally with a number of local schools and educational providers along with their own linked conservation organisations.

The Reserve directly employs ten full time and part time members of staff and also engage a number of specialists and professionals who are involved in delivery of the reserve objectives.

Staff with responsibility for deer management all possess DMQ Level1.

Supplementary feeding of deer on Alladale is restricted to the provision of minerals and lick blocks.

Braelangwell Sub Group B

Interests	Hectares	% of group Area
Salmon fishing, farming and residential	<u>1490</u>	<u>1.1%</u>
holiday letting		

Braelangwell estates principle interest is Atlantic Salmon fishing on the beat of the River Carron which sits within the estates ownership. The Carron headwaters are sourced from within the heartland of the North Ross deer group area and therefore the estate has an overarching interest in how the catchment area is managed.

The estate has agricultural interests and is the landlord of a large upland agricultural unit which is primarily given over to livestock production. The estates open moorland carries a very small population of wild deer .

Further information can be found on the estate website; http://www.braelangwelllodge.com

No supplementary feeding of wild deer is undertaken on the landholding

Braemore Sub Group B

Interests	Hectares	% of group Area
Environmental and wildlife management	<u>4331</u>	<u>3.3%</u>
and enhancement combined with sporting		
activities .		

The principle objectives for Braemore is the management of the natural environment, habitat and wildlife found on the property.

This includes the management of the wild deer population resident within the estate boundaries in a manner that encourages and enhances high levels of biodiversity. These objectives will work in tandem with a desire for peatland restoration within progressive moorland management and the creation of native woodlands in suitable areas of the estate.

Estate stalker holds DMQ level1

Supplementary feeding of wild deer at Braemore is predominantly by provision of minerals and licks

Clach Liath Sub Group C

Interests	Hectares	% of group Area
Commercial forestry and sporting interests.	<u>998</u>	<u>.8%</u>

The primary land use objectives within Clach Liath are that of commercial forestry along with amenity woodland with deer management to protect the forest environment.

No supplementary feeding of wild deer is undertaken on the landholding

Corriemulzie Sub Group B

Interests	Hectares	% of group Area
Sporting and small scale forestry along	<u>9528</u>	<u>7.3%</u>
with environmental management <u>.</u>		

Corriemulzie is a pivotal landholding within the DMG with regard to deer management due to its favorable deer habitat. The principal activities on the estate are sporting deer stalking and salmon fishing along with holiday letting properties.

The land holding plays a major role in the water catchment for the Oykel river which subsequently feeds into the Kyle of Sutherland system and the landholding has a riparian interest in the upper waters of the system on the Enaig and the Rappach rivers.

http://www.corriemulzieestate.com

All staff hold DMQ level 1 as a minimum standard.

Supplementary feeding of wild deer is undertaken on the landholding with stags being fed fodder crop throughout the winter. This is supplemented by the provision of root crop along with cobs and mineral licks.

Croick Sub Group B

Interests	Hectares	% of group Area
Farming, Forestry, Sporting Activities and	<u>5171</u>	<u>4%</u>
holiday letting property		

The landholding at Croick supports a diverse range of rural business activities with commercial and native species habitat woodlands, sheep and cattle farming, salmon fishing interests along with a range of environmental management activities to enhance carbon capture and river basin management.

The estate provides a significant catchment basin for the River Carron and is a popular location for visitors to the area as within the estate boundary is the Thomas Telford Croick church which played an important role within the cultural and history of the highlands.

https://croick.com

Wild deer on the holding have access to fodder crop and mineral licks as a supplementary feeding provision during the winter months.

Estate Stalker holds DMQ level 2.

Forestry Commission Scotland

Mixed Sub Group

Interests	Hectares	% of group Area
Commercial Forestry Production.	<u>12200</u>	<u>9.3%</u>
Dublic landhalding which collectively is largest	امرما اميرامانينام	مطاح منطائنين عمامامط

Public landholding which collectively is largest individual land holder within the group. The FCS objectives are principally the production of commercial forestry and they are a significant employer with high economic importance to rural Scotland. A significant employer who also pro-actively promote public access across the national estate.

Deer management objectives which are aimed at woodland protection and enhancement and not aimed at providing sporting value. https://scotland.forestry.gov.uk

No supplementary feeding of wild deer takes place within the national forest estate.

All deer control operatives contracted to FCS hold DMQ level 2.

Foulis Sub Group C

Interests	Hectares	% of group Area

Farming, forestry, renewable energy and 1107 .85% residential property business

Located at the southernmost point of the group Foulis main activities are that of arable farming, commercial forestry and residential property provision.

Deer management Is primarily carried out for the protection of agricultural crops and commercial forestry but done so with the availability of commercial stalking opportunities.

Deer control tenant holds DMQ level 2.

No supplementary feeding of wild deer takes place on the landholding.

Fountains Forestry

Sub Group B

Interests	Hectares	% of group Area
Commercial forestry	2085	1.6%

Primary focus of land use is the production of commercial forestry. Land under multiple ownership and Fountain are a management company who specialize in the management of commercial forestry interests.

Deer management is principally based on the protection of forestry crops combined with utilization of sporting values.

Sporting manager has DMQ level 2 and all stalking clients must hold DMQ level1.

Glencalvie Sub Group C

Interests	Hectares	% of group Area
Mixed sporting estate with forestry interests and holiday letting business	6510	5%

Sporting estate with interest in deer stalking, salmon fishing and game bird shooting along with property letting aimed at the growing tourism market.

Sport is let and ties in with holiday letting business wherever the opportunity allows. The landholding has a riparian interest in the Carron river and plays an active role in river basin management in this regard.

https://www.glencalvieestate.co.uk

The estate provides supplementary feeding for the wild deer resident on the landholding through fodder, cobs and root crops along with access to mineral licks

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Invertael Deer Forest

Sub Group B

Interests	Hectares	% of group Area
Sporting estate.	5893	4.5%
Family run sporting estate with conservation and deer management as its principle		

Family run sporting estate with conservation and deer management as its principle objective.

Estate stalker holds DMQ level1.

Inverlael Estate (Glen Beag)

Sub Group B

Interests	Hectares	% of group Area
Sporting estate with farming and property	1536	1.2%
letting business		

A family run sporting estate which is supported by property letting and an in hand farming operation which utilizes in by ground on the shores of Loch broom.

No supplementary feeding of wild deer is undertaken on the landholding.

Estate stalkers hold DMQ level 2.

Kildermorie Sub Group C

Interests	Hectares	% of group Area
Sporting activities along with forestry and	7482	5.7%
renewable energy interests.		

The principle activities carried out at Kildermorie are sporting with deer management along with the management of salmon and trout fishing. Commercial forestry interests supported by native woodland creation and renewable energy production.

Deer are managed in tandem with environmental and habitat objectives within the estate.

https://www.kildermorie.co.uk

The estate offers supplementary feeding to all deer that can be reached from January to late March with Silage root crop and cobs along with mineral licks and blocks.

The estate stalkers hold DMQ level 2.

Langwell Sub Group A

Interests	Hectares	% of group Area
Farming, Sporting and woodland creation	7045	5.4%
along with renewable energy production		
and holiday letting business.		

Langwell estate has a diversity of interests within its rural business with farming of both sheep and cattle along with a number of recent native woodland creations.

The estate also has a focus on renewable energy production and provides accommodation for the tourism market.

The estates wild deer population are managed alongside the estate environmental and habitat management objectives which includes riparian management being the host of the kannaird river catchment area.

https://langwellestate.com

Supplementary feeding of the wild deer on the landholding is provided by way of fodder silage when snow on ground along with mineral licks and blocks.

Estate stalker holds DMQ level 1.

Leckmelm Deer Forest

Sub Group A

Interests	Hectares	% of group Area
Sporting and woodland	2103	2.4%

The principle management objectives at Leckmelm are for the provision of a sustainable sporting cull of wild deer along with the creation of native woodlands to improve biodiversity and habitat.

Supplementary feeding is restricted to mineral licks and blocks in winter months.

Ledmore Sub Group A

Interests	Hectares	% of group Area
Sporting and deer farming	5141	4%

Ledmore is managed principally for sporting activities including wild deer stalking and significant trout fishing's along with habitat management.

The estate also operates a farmed deer unit within its in by land. The estate has a significant crofting interest.

https://www.ledmoreestate.com

The supplementary feeding of deer is restricted to mineral blocks and licks.

Little Wyvis Sub Group C

Interests	Hectares	% of group Area
Woodland regeneration and renewable	594	.5%
energy production.		

The principle land use on little Wyvis is woodland regeneration and renewable energy production. Deer management is not a significant factor in relation to land use.

Loch Droma Sub Group B

	% of group Area	
<i>.</i> 5%	<u> </u>	
	85 .5%	

Loch Droma landholding activities are primarily that of sporting deer stalking for the estate owners and management of the habitat to support the deer.

The estate has significant public access provision which has a greater impact on the habitat than the deer numbers which are ordinarily found within the property boundaries.

Those stalking on the estate hold DMQ level 2.

Supplementary feeding of deer takes place primarily as a function to reduce vehicle collisions on the A835 public road.

Loubcroy Sub Group B

Interests	Hectares	% of group Area
Sporting estate with woodland interests.	3377	2.6%

Loubcroy estate has a primary land use for wild deer stalking. The estate has also undertaken significant woodland creation in recent years however this holding is in the process of transfer of ownership and we are at present unable to ascertain the objective that the new owners have for management of the wild deer present on the land.

Morefield Sub Group A

Interests	Hectares	% of group Area
Crofting interests	1976	1.5%

Principle land use at Morefield is crofting use as common grazing along with crofter woodland scheme.

Deer are seldom present on this land holding within the open seasons.

Novar Sub Group C

Interests	Hectares	% of group Area
Forestry, Farming, Renewable energy,	8393	6.5%
sporting activities, residential property		
portfolio and tourism related enterprises		
including accommodation.		

Novar Estate is a diverse rural business with land use interests in commercial forestry, arable farming, sporting interests including game shooting, salmon fishing and deer management along with significant renewable energy operations across the renewables spectrum.

The estate has a residential property letting business along with a substantive tourism related enterprise.

Deer management on Novar is run in tandem with the estates commercial forestry business which does provide opportunities for sporting income. http://www.novarestate.co.uk/Home.aspx

All estate stalkers hold DMQ level 1.

Supplementary feeding of deer on the estate is restricted to an enclosed heard of fallow deer.

Rhidorroch East

Sub Group A

Interests				Hectare	Hectares % of group 5918 4.5%			up Area			
Farming, fishing, deer stalking and tourism accommodation provider			5918			4.5	5%				
The acco	estates mmodatio			focus	on	deei	stalking	link	ed	with	tourism

Rhidorroch West Sub Group A

Interests	Hectares	% of group Area
Farming, fishing, deer stalking and tourism	3841	3%
accommodation provider		

The principle management objectives for the estate are sheep farming along with tourism related activities and accommodation provision.

The wild deer are managed for sporting purposes as is the fishing interests with the estate being a significant catchment area for the Ullapool river. http://www.rhidorroch.com

Supplementary feeding is carried out with cobs to a small (30) group of stags along with mineral blocks and licks.

SNH Ben Wyvis Sub Group C

Interests	Hectares	% of group Area
Environmental and habitat management	2305	1.8%

SNH Knockan Crag

Sub Group A

Interests	Hectares	% of group Area
Environmental and habitat management with archaeological interests focused on tourism	24	.02%

Strathvaich Sub Group B

Interests	Hectares	% of group Area
Farming, habitat based woodland creation	14234	11%
and sporting stalking		

Strathvaich land use interests are focused environmental stewardship and thereafter on farming of sheep and cattle along with sporting use of the wild deer population. With these activities impacting on habitat the estate do actively monitor and record impacts to ensure a balanced land use is in place.

The estate has engaged in the creation of native woodland for habitat and environmental improvements and also hosts significant 3rd party renewable energy production operations.

Estate stalkers hold DMQ level 2.

No supplementary feeding of deer takes place save for a small number of stags as a diversionary tactic when the estates sheep flock are fed in late winter.

Wyvis Sub Group C

Interests	Hectares	% of group Area
Commercial woodland, renewable energy	8193	6.3%
and tourism related sporting and		
accommodation provision		

Wyvis estate has a primary land sue for sporting purposes along with land given over to commercial forestry production. Wyvis also generates renewable energy production through hydro power.

The estate links its deer stalking activities to its tourism related accommodation business. The estate has significant impacts from general leisure activities particularly hill walking with Ben Wyvis being one of Scotlands most popular Munro classified mountains for recreational walkers.

http://www.wyvisestate.co.uk

The estate provides supplementary feeding to deer by way of silage fodder and turnips in winter months. Estate stalkers have a minimum of DMQ level1.